

SAFETY DATA SHEET Tensorgrip L20AA CA Compliant, Low VOC Contact Adhesive

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Tensorgrip L20AA CA Compliant, Low VOC Contact Adhesive

Product number USA

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Aerosol Spray Adhesive

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Tensorgrip

5710 F St

Omaha NE 68117 (402) 731 3636 (402) 731 1473

marketing.us@quin-global.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Chemtrec: 1 800 424 9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Aerosol 2 - H223 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 -

H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Human health The liquid may be irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.

Label elements

Pictogram









Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H223 Flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Supplemental label

information

AT(o) 18.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains Methyl Acetate, Propane, Isobutane, Heptane

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Methyl Acetate	10-30%
CAS number: 79-20-9	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

Isobutane 10-30%

CAS number: 75-28-5

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

Propane 10-30%

CAS number: 74-98-6

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Simple Asphyxiant - USH03

Heptane
CAS number: 142-82-5

Classification
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
Acute Tox. 4 - H302
Acute Tox. 4 - H312
Acute Tox. 4 - H332
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
STOT SE 3 - H336
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Not relevant.

Description of first aid measures

General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Place unconscious person on their

side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person

by administering oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Do not induce vomiting. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Only remove contact lenses if the

person is conscious, coherent and they can remove them themselves If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If in doubt, get

medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. May cause eye and respiratory system

irritation. Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and

intoxication.

Ingestion Aspiration hazard if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may

cause severe irritation of the mouth, the esophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May Cause the following effects: Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Central nervous system depression. Nausea, vomiting. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may

cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin contact May be absorbed through the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. The liquid is

irritating to eyes and skin. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects:

Dryness and/or cracking.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. Burns can occur. A single exposure may cause the following

adverse effects: Pain. Conjunctivitis, irritation, tearing. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Prolonged

contact causes serious eye and tissue damage.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F Containers

can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source

of ignition and flash back.

Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of

ignition near spillage.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-

combustible material.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames

or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and

place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautionsAvoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide

adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the

ground.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the

original container. Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above

50°C/120°F

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Methyl Acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 610 mg/m³

Isobutane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 1000 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health 800 ppm 1900 mg/m³

Propane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health 1800 mg/m³ 1000 ppm Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 1800 ppm 1000 mg/m³

Heptane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 400 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 500 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 500 ppm 2000 mg/m³ ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection Use protective gloves.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapor contact.

Hygiene measures DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes

contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not

eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended

occupational exposure limit. If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a full face mask fitted with an organic AXP3 filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high level

exposures, compressed airline breathing apparatus should be used.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Color Clear. Red.

Odor Organic solvents.

Initial boiling point and range -42.1°C/-43.8°F @

Flash point -104°C/-155°F Method: Closed cup.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Upper flammable/explosive limit: 16 g/100 g Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.1 g/100 g

Relative density .85

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 198 g/l.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Hydrogen chloride (HCI). Nitrous gases (NOx).

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 901.35

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,433.09

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 24,324.32

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 17.27

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Methyl Acetate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

5,000.0

49.28

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Isobutane

Toxicological effects No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic. Carcinogenicity

Inhalation Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard

Skin Contact Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Eye contact Spray will evaporate and cool quickly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Propane

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

1,442.0

Species Rat

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

1,442.0

Rat **Species**

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

4,500.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Heptane

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

5,000.0

Species

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg)

500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg) **Species**

Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

29.3

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness

11.0

General information Absorbtion of large quantities may cause: Narcosis. Death.

12. Ecological Information

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Disposal methodsDispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

14. Transport information

Air transport notes 1. <75kg, 2. <150kg

UN Number

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

UN No. (DOT) Limited Quantity <1L, Aerosol

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (DOT) Aerosols, Flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

Transport labels



Packing group

Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Isobutane

Fire

Pressure

Hazard

Propane

Yes.

JS State Regu
Fire Acute Chronic Health hazard
Methyl Acetate
Fire Acute Chronic Health hazard
нертапе

lations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

Isobutane

Ths product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth or any other reproductive harm.

Heptane

Ths product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth or any other reproductive harm.

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

Isobutane

Present

Propane

Present

Heptane

Present

Methyl Acetate

Present

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

Isobutane

Present.

Propane

Present.

Heptane

Present.

Methyl Acetate

Present.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

Isobutane

Present.

Propane

Present.

Heptane

Present.

Methyl Acetate

Present.

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

Propane

DSL

Present.

Heptane

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Methyl Acetate

Present.

US-TSCA

Propane

Present.

Heptane

Present.

Methyl Acetate

Present.

16. Other information

Revision date 8/21/2017

Revision 4

 Supersedes date
 4/3/2017

 SDS No.
 21408

Hazard statements in full USH03 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H223 Flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ACA HMIS Health rating. Moderate hazard. (2)

ACA HMIS Flammability

rating.

Ignites easily. (3)

ACA HMIS Physical hazard

rating.

Normally stable. (0)

ACA HMIS Personal B

protection rating.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. The manufacturer MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of this product, many of which are solely within the user's knowledge and control, the user is responsible for determining whether the usage of this product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application. It is essential that the user, not the manufacturer, evaluates this product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application.